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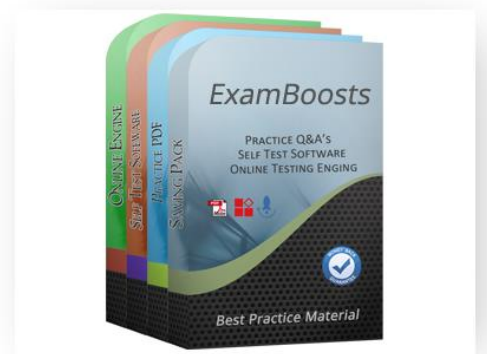
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**Exam** : **1z0-1094-23**

**Title** : Oracle Cloud Database 2023  
Migration and Integration  
Professional

**Vendor** : Oracle

**Version** : DEMO

**NO.1** What is the managed chatbot service of Oracle Cloud called?

- A. Digital Bot
- B. Digital Integration
- C. Digital Support
- D. Digital Assistant

**Answer:** D

Explanation:

Oracle's managed chatbot service is called Oracle Digital Assistant. This platform enables the development of sophisticated chatbots that can engage users across various channels such as websites, mobile apps, and messaging platforms. Oracle Digital Assistant provides advanced conversational AI capabilities, allowing it to understand and respond to user inquiries in a natural, effective manner.

**NO.2** Which four Oracle Database Cloud Services are supported as a target database using Oracle Zero Downtime Migration?

(Choose all correct answers)

- A. Oracle MySQL Database Cloud Service
- B. Autonomous Database
- C. Exadata Cloud Service
- D. Oracle Database Cloud Service
- E. Oracle NOSQL Database Cloud Service
- F. Exadata Cloud at Customer

**Answer:** B,C,D,F

Explanation:

Oracle Zero Downtime Migration supports various Oracle Database Cloud Services as target databases, including Oracle Database Cloud Service, Autonomous Database, Exadata Cloud at Customer, and Exadata Cloud Service. These services offer scalable, high-performance database solutions, making them suitable targets for migrations aimed at enhancing infrastructure and taking advantage of cloud capabilities.

**NO.3** You have decided to use Oracle Data Integrator (ODI) on Marketplace to load data from an on-premises Oracle Database to Autonomous Database on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI). Which TWO methods can be used to connect to the on-premises Oracle Database from OCI? (Choose all correct answers)

- A. Oracle directory
- B. VPN Connect
- C. Terminal service
- D. Fast connect

**Answer:** B,D

**NO.4** Which TWO products/utilities does Oracle Zero Downtime Migration use as part of its migration workflows to Autonomous Database? (Choose all correct answers)

- A. Data Pump
- B. Data Guard

- C. GoldenGate
- D. Recovery Manager

**Answer:** A,C

Explanation:

Oracle Zero Downtime Migration (ZDM) leverages several Oracle products and utilities in its migration workflows, including Oracle Data Pump and Oracle GoldenGate. Data Pump is used for high-speed data transfer and migration tasks, while GoldenGate facilitates real-time data replication and integration, allowing for seamless and efficient migrations to Oracle Autonomous Database with minimal downtime.

**NO.5** Which source database configuration does NOT influence your database migration options to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI)?

- A. Character set
- B. Database version
- C. Tablespaces
- D. Database size
- E. Endian format

**Answer:** C

Explanation:

While character set, database version, database size, and endian format influence migration options to OCI, tablespaces themselves do not directly affect migration options. The physical organization of data within tablespaces is typically reconfigured during the migration process based on the target environment's requirements.

**NO.6** You are creating a data integration mapping in Oracle Data Integrator (ODI). Your source tables are in an on-premises Oracle Database.

Which three items from the source tables can be retrieved by reverse-engineering a model? (Choose three.)

- A. Constraints
- B. Column names
- C. Data types
- D. Table owner
- E. Table Statistics

**Answer:** A,B,C

Explanation:

Reverse-engineering a model in Oracle Data Integrator (ODI) from source tables in an on-premises Oracle Database retrieves metadata such as constraints (e.g., primary keys, foreign keys), column names, and data types. This information is crucial for creating accurate and functional data integration mappings in ODI.

**NO.7** Your source tables are in an on-premises Oracle Database. You have created the data server and logical schema in an Oracle Data Integrator (ODI) topology.

Now you are ready to start reverse engineering and create mappings.

Which two Knowledge Modules (KM) need to be imported to your project for the Oracle Database source? (Choose two.)

- A. LKM SQL to MSSQL
- B. IKM XML Control Append
- C. RKM Oracle
- D. CKM HSQL
- E. LKM SQL to Oracle

**Answer:** C,E

Explanation:

For Oracle Database sources in ODI projects, the Reverse Knowledge Module (RKM) for Oracle is used for reverse-engineering database objects, and the Loading Knowledge Module (LKM) SQL to Oracle is used for extracting and loading data. These KMs enable efficient metadata capture and data integration from Oracle sources.

**NO.8** How can you properly pause a Zero Downtime Migration (ZDM) job?

- A. By executing the `zdmcli -pausejob` command at any time
- B. By executing the `zdmcli migrate database` command with the `-pauseafter` option, alongside specifying the relevant migration phase where ZDM should pause the migration process, or by executing the `zdmcli suspend job -jobid` command at anytime during the migration
- C. By executing the `zdmcli migrate database` command using the `-pause` option
- D. By querying the ZDM service host with the relevant job ID and executing the `zdmcli -pausejob` command

**Answer:** B

Explanation:

To pause a ZDM job, you can use the `-pauseafter` option with the `zdmcli migrate database` command to specify a migration phase where the process should be paused. Alternatively, the `zdmcli suspend job` command with the job ID can pause the migration at any point, providing flexibility in managing the migration process.

**NO.9** Your source database version is 12c and your target database is ATP-D.

Which utility should you use to instantiate the target database?

- A. Datafile Copy to Object Storage
- B. Oracle RMAN Duplicate Database
- C. Oracle Data Pump
- D. SQL Developer Migration Wizard

**Answer:** C

Explanation:

For migrating a 12c source database to Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing (ATP-D), Oracle Data Pump is a suitable utility. Data Pump facilitates high-speed data and metadata movement between Oracle databases, making it effective for cloud migrations by exporting data from the source and importing it into the target ATP instance.

**NO.10** When configuring the GoldenGate Hub, what is the default port opened in the compute instance Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) security list to allow access to the GoldenGate deployments through the Nginx reverse proxy server?

- A. 22

- B.** 8080
- C.** 1521
- D.** 443

**Answer:** D

Explanation:

In the configuration of the GoldenGate Hub, port 443, typically used for HTTPS traffic, is opened in the compute instance's Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) security list. This allows secure access to GoldenGate deployments through the Nginx reverse proxy server, ensuring encrypted communication and secure management of replication tasks.

**NO.11** Which statement is NOT true about the multitenant (container database) architecture of Oracle Database?

- A.** The background processes are shared between PDBs.
- B.** The SGA is shared between PDBs.
- C.** The redo log files are shared between PDBs.
- D.** The data files are shared between PDBs.

**Answer:** D

Explanation:

In the multitenant architecture of Oracle Database, each Pluggable Database (PDB) has its own set of data files, and they are not shared between PDBs. This architecture allows for data isolation and security among different PDBs within the same Container Database (CDB). The background processes, System Global Area (SGA), and redo log files, however, are shared among all PDBs within a CDB to optimize resource usage and management.